LEAD SAMPLING SUMMARY SHEET

System number		Date form completed			
System nan	ne				
Individual c	completing form:				
Name			Phone num	Phone number	
Address					
	s collected between				
1.	11.	21.	31.	41.	
2.	12.	22.	32.	42.	
3.	13.	23.	33.	43.	
4.	14.	24.	34.	44.	
5.	15.	25.	35.	45.	
6.	16.	26.	36.	46.	
7.	17.	27.	37.	47.	
8.	18.	28.	38.	48.	
9.	19.	29.	39.	49.	
10.	20.	30.	40.	50.	
bathroom co	the best of my knowled old water taps taken in first-draw samples). Signature	nmediately after t		rom kitchen and d in the pipes for at least	
	Digitature	(nerson completing	r form)		

This form, when completed, will determine if your drinking water system is in compliance with the Lead/Copper Rule (*Utah Administrative Rule*, R309-103-1.4).

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Arrange the Lead sample results in order of the entries with the lowest result being entered on line one, the next lowest result on line two, and so on until the highest result is the last entry.
- 2. Attach a copy of <u>all</u> sample results of analysis to this form.

(over)

In order to determine compliance with the Lead rule, you must calculate the 90th percentile and compare the result with the trigger levels.

The 90th Percentile is determined as follows:

1) If 5 results are listed:

Take the result on line 4, and add it to the result on line 5, and then divide the total by 2. The answer is the 90th percentile.

2) If 10 results are listed:

The value on line 9 is the 90th percentile.

3) If 20 results are listed:

The value on line 18 is the 90th percentile.

4) If 30 results are listed:

The value on line 27 is the 90th percentile.

5) If 40 results are listed:

The value on line 36 is the 90th percentile.

6) If 50 results are listed:

The value on line 45 is the 90th percentile.

The trigger level for Lead is 15 ug/L or 0.015 mg/L. If the data from the laboratory is listed as: 5, 7, 12, 20, etc., the laboratory has reported the data in micrograms per liter (ug/L). The 90th percentile of this data should be compared with the trigger level of 15 ug/L.

If the data from the laboratory is listed as: 0.005, 0.007, 0.012, 0.020, etc., the laboratory is reporting the data in milligrams per liter (mg/L). The 90th percentile should be compared with the trigger level of 0.015 mg/L.

If the trigger level for Lead is exceeded, you must:

1. Issue periodic public notices to your consumers.

2. Install and operate corrosion control treatment at your source waters.

3. Proceed with a lead line replacement program on any bad piping on the system side of the meter.

If the Lead trigger level is exceeded, the Utah Division of Drinking Water will send you more details on the steps you must take.

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